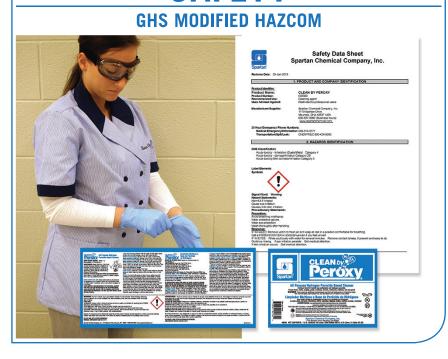


# **SAFETY**



### SAFETY: GHS MODIFIED HAZCOM

### **Purpose of Hazard Communication**

Your company, its suppliers, and the government are all working together to protect you. Remember, the only person who can keep you safe every day is YOU. Take the time to learn about all the products with which you work and how to handle them safely. Here are some helpful resources and information for you to be safe in the workplace.

#### Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200

Workers must be informed in five ways:

- 1. Through a written Hazard Communication (HAZCOM) Program
- 2. Inventory of chemicals, maintained by a designated person
- 3. Safety Data Sheets (SDS)
- 4. Chemical labeling
- 5. Effective training of chemical hazards

#### **HAZCOM Objectives:**

- Make you aware of your workplace hazards
- · Teach you safe methods of handling the products
- Document your HAZCOM program
  - Inform you of the labeling requirements and your responsibility
  - Inform you of the location of the Safety Data Sheets in your work area

#### Components of the HAZCOM Program:

- Written HAZCOM Program
- Safety Data Sheets (SDS)
- Proper Chemical Labeling
- Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)
- Employee Training

### **Personal Protective Equipment**

Certain safety equipment is required or recommended to be worn when handling chemicals. Types of Personal Protective Equipment include:



**Gloves** 



Shoe Covers/Boots



**Eve Protection** 



Respirator



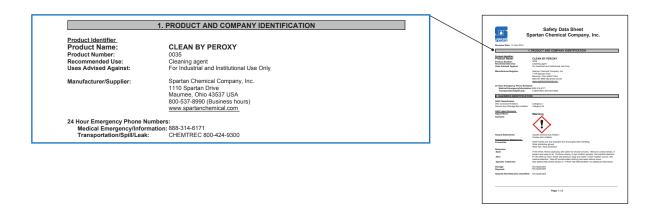
### **Safety Data Sheets**

Your company, its suppliers, and the government are all working together to protect you. Remember, the only person who can keep you safe every day is YOU. Take the time to learn about all the products with which you work and how to handle them safely.

Each SDS is required to contain standard information to fully inform you about the product, its manufacture, hazards to which you may be exposed, what precautions you should take to protective yourself, and how to treat an individual who is exposed. Each section will be reviewed below.

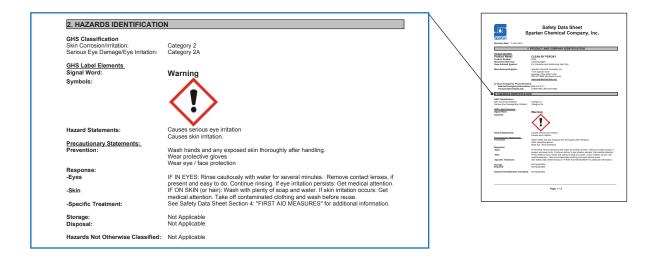
#### **Section 1: Product and Company**

This section identifies the product name, the company contact information, responsible party, emergency phone number, as well as other ways to identify the product.



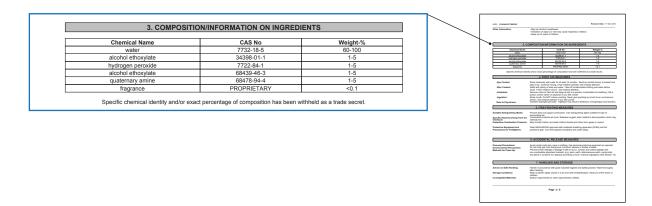
#### **Section 2: Hazardous Ingredients**

Identifies GHS acute toxicity classifications by category. Includes label elements: symbols, signal words, hazard statements, precautionary statements, and hazards not otherwise classified.



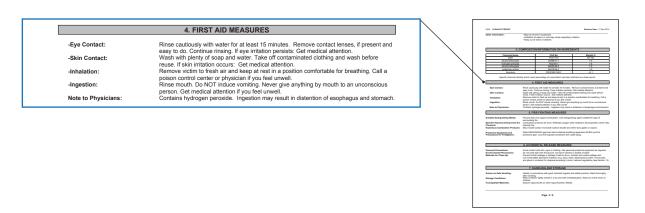
#### Section 3: Composition/Information on Ingredients

Except for trade secrets includes chemical name, common name, Chemical Abstract Service (CAS) number, and the concentration.



#### **Section 4: First Aid Measures**

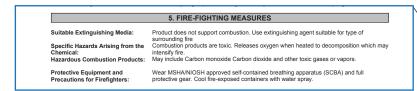
Describes what should be done if you get this product in your eyes, on your skin, breathe it in, or ingest it. Describes the most important symptoms/effects.





#### **Section 5: Fire-Fighting Measures**

Identifies what extinguishing media should or shouldn't be used, specific hazards arising from combustion of the product, and protective equipment firefighters should use.





#### **Section 6: Accidental Release Measures**

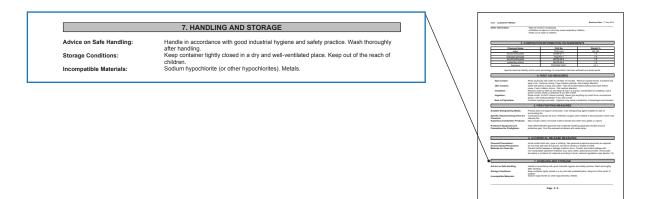
Covers personal precautions, protective equipment, emergency procedures, and methods to contain and clean up a spill.





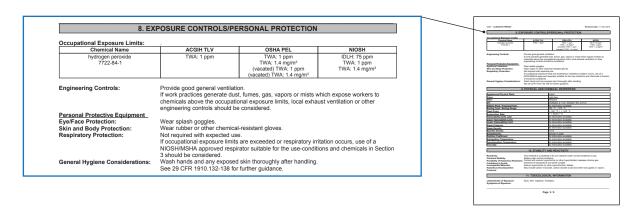
#### **Section 7: Handling and Storage**

Precautions for safe handling, how to store, and incompatible materials.



#### **Section 8: Exposure Controls / Personal Protection**

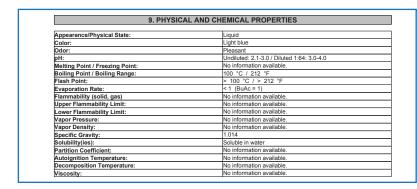
Describes chemicals exposure limits (PEL & TLV). Appropriate engineering controls and personal protective equipment (PPE) recommended to safely handle the product.





#### **Section 9: Physical and Chemical Properties**

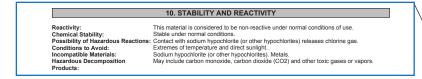
Describes both the physical and chemical properties including: appearance, odor, odor threshold, pH, melting/freezing point, boiling point, flash point, evaporation rate, flammability limits (upper and lower), vapor pressure and density, solubility, auto ignition temperature, decomposition temperature, and viscosity.





#### Section 10: Stability and Reactivity

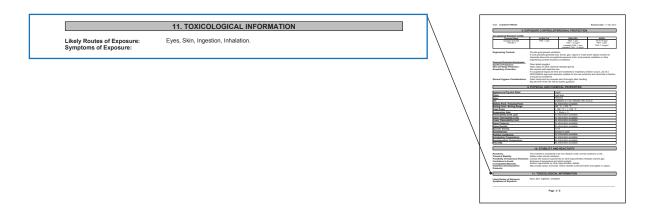
Describes chemical stability, possible chemical reactions, conditions to avoid, incompatible materials, and hazardous decomposition products.





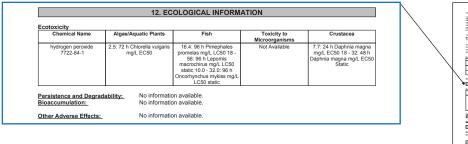
#### **Section 11: Toxicological Information**

Description of the carious health effects and data used to identify: Routes of exposure, symptoms, immediate or delayed effects from exposure, numerical measures of "toxicity", and chemicals listed as carcinogens.



#### Section 12: Ecological Information (Non-Mandatory)

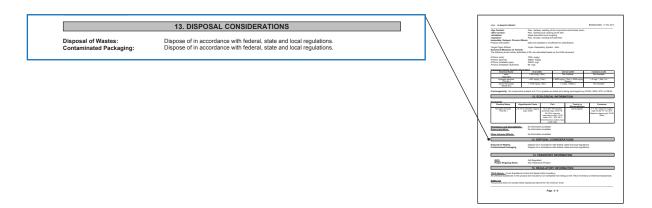
Ecotoxicity, persistence and degradability, bioaccumulative potential, mobility in the soil, and other adverse effects (such as hazardous to the ozone).





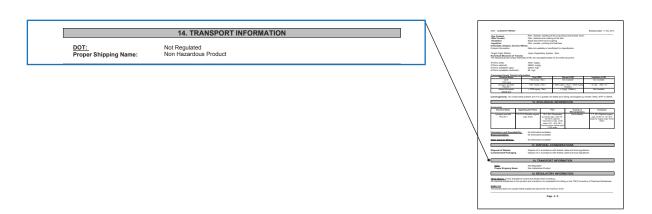
#### **Section 13: Disposal Considerations (Non-Mandatory)**

Description of waste residues and their safe handling, and methods for safe disposal. Disposal of any contaminated packaging.



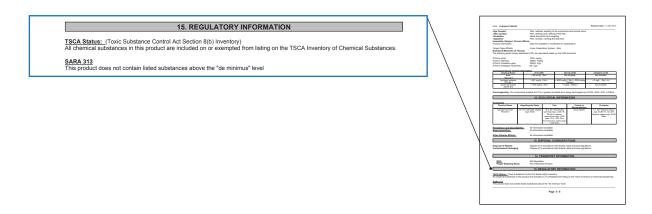
#### Section 14: Transport Information (Non-Mandatory)

UN number, UN name, transport hazard class, packaging group, environmental hazards, transport in bulk, and special precautions for handling during transport.



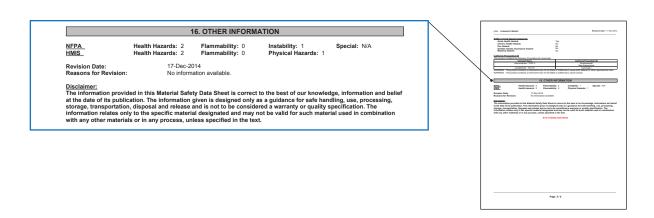
#### Section 15: Regulatory Information (Non-Mandatory)

Safety, health, and environmental regulations specific for the product. May include federal, state, and international data.



#### Section 16: Other Information (Non-Mandatory)

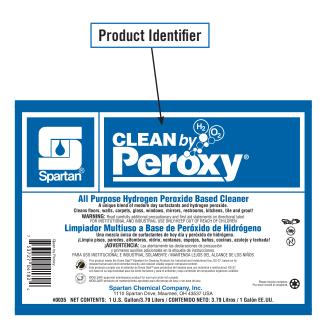
Date of preparation or last revision. Voluntary information including HMIS and disclaimer.

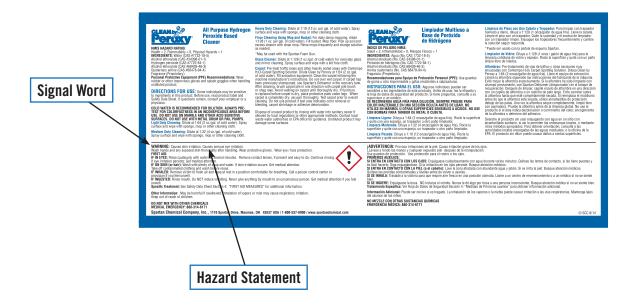




### **Labels**

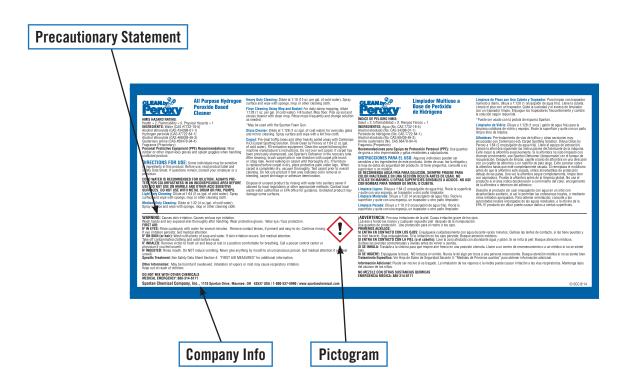
Under the GHS Modified OSHA Hazard Communication program, Spartan Chemical labels include the following components: Product Identifier or Name, Signal Word(s), Related Hazard Statements, Pictograms, Precautionary Statements, Company Name, Company Address, and Phone Number. In addition, Spartan has also included the Directions for Use.





### **Labels (Continued)**

Under the GHS Modified OSHA Hazard Communication program, Spartan Chemical labels include the following components: Product Identifier or Name, Signal Word(s), Related Hazard Statements, Pictograms, Precautionary Statements, Company Name, Company Address, and Phone Number. In addition, Spartan has also included the Directions for Use.



### **Workplace Labels**

- Workplace labels must be applied to all containers by the person who transfers the chemical into the container.
- If you come across a container that contains a chemical and it is not labeled with a workplace label, take it to your supervisor.

